

Our Philosophy

We believe small cap inefficiencies are amplified within micro caps, offering strong opportunities for value creation from companies improving their business model, outgrowing their peers, or those overlooked by the market.



MICRO CAP

Data as of March 31, 2022

Portfolio Manager
Christian McDonald, CFA®

Portfolio Manager
Sean McMahon

Inception Date
6/1/2004

Strategy AUM
\$487.0 Million

Strategy Number of Accounts
14

Benchmark³
Russell Microcap®

Number of Positions^{2,6}
173

Range of Holdings
100-250

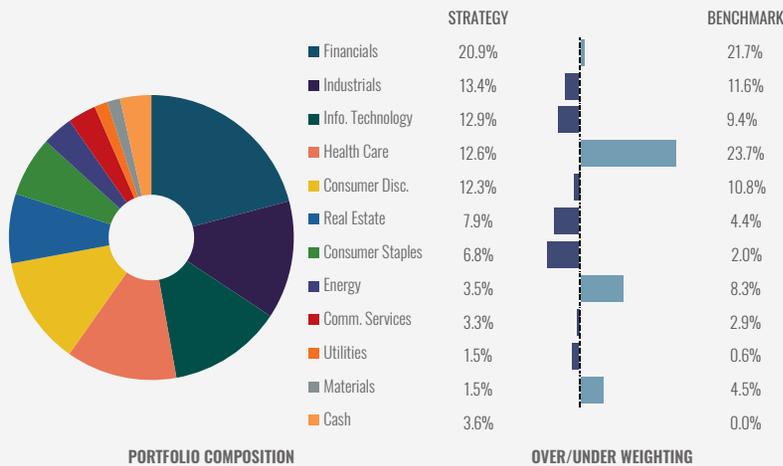
Typical Target Cash Position
<5%

Sector Allocation Guidelines
±10%, per PM's discretion

Position Size Limits
<5%

Turnover Ranges
50-125%

SECTOR WEIGHTINGS^{3,4,5,6}



PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION

OVER/UNDER WEIGHTING

PORTFOLIO STATISTICS (3 YEARS)^{6,8,9}

STANDARD DEVIATION	TRACKING ERROR	UP MARKET CAPTURE	DOWN MARKET CAPTURE	ALPHA	BETA
32.15%	12.12%	83.53	66.68	5.54%	0.84

TOTAL RETURNS^{3,6,8}

CALENDAR YEAR	GROSS OF FEES	NET OF FEES	BENCHMARK	EXCESS RETURN
2022 YTD†	-5.7%	-5.9%	-7.6%	1.9%
2021	30.8%	29.7%	19.3%	11.5%
2020	19.5%	18.3%	21.0%	-1.5%
2019	20.3%	19.1%	22.4%	-2.1%
2018	-9.4%	-10.3%	-13.1%	3.7%
2017	17.3%	16.2%	13.2%	4.1%
2016	26.8%	25.5%	20.4%	6.4%
2015	1.3%	0.3%	-5.2%	6.5%
2014	6.4%	5.4%	3.7%	2.7%
2013	43.8%	42.5%	45.6%	-1.8%
2012	22.2%	21.0%	19.8%	2.4%

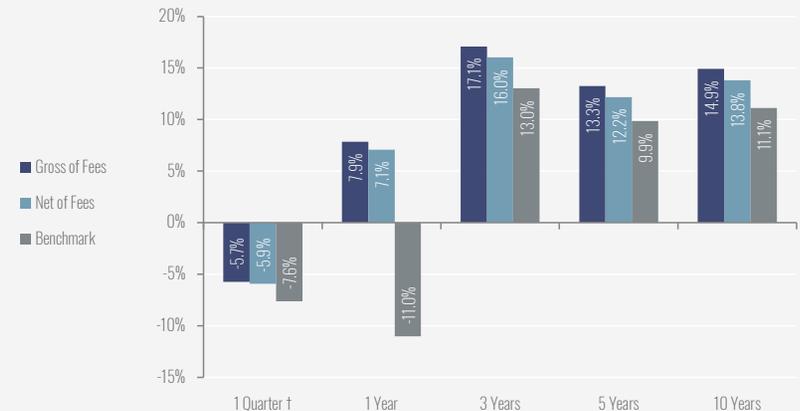
TOP 10 HOLDINGS^{4,5,6,7}

COMPANY NAME	SECTOR	% OF ASSETS
Bluegreen Vacations Holding Corporation	Consumer Disc.	2.7
Xperi Holding Corporation	Info. Technology	2.3
Lifetime Brands, Inc.	Consumer Disc.	2.2
Evolent Health, Inc.	Health Care	2.1
Unisys Corporation	Info. Technology	2.0
Carriage Services, Inc.	Consumer Disc.	2.0
SunOpta, Inc.	Consumer Staples	2.0
Bluerock Residential Growth REIT, Inc.	Real Estate	1.7
Clarus Corporation	Consumer Disc.	1.7
Northern Oil And Gas, Inc.	Energy	1.7

CHARACTERISTICS^{2,3,6}

	STRATEGY	BENCHMARK
Forecasted P/E (FY2) (x)	11.3	43.0
Price-to-Book (x)	2.2	2.8
Price-to-Sales (x)	2.6	3.3
Dividend Yield (%)	1.2	1.1
LT Debt/Total Capital (%)	36.5	30.6
Weighted Average Market Cap (\$M)	962.6	818.3
Weighted Median Market Cap (\$M)	817.7	682.3

ANNUALIZED RETURNS^{3,6,8}



Please see reverse for disclosure glossary. †Not Annualized.

* Kennedy Capital Management, Inc. ("KCM") is a Missouri corporation registered as an investment adviser with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940. Registration with the SEC does not imply any level of skill or training. Clients of the Firm include U.S. corporations, pension and profit sharing funds, colleges and universities, trusts, not-for-profit organizations, foundations, and individuals. KCM claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®). GIPS® is a registered trademark of CFA Institute. CFA Institute does not endorse or promote this organization, nor does it warrant the accuracy or quality of the content contained herein.

The Micro Cap Composite contains fully discretionary micro cap accounts that are invested primarily in micro cap companies (market cap generally below \$500 million) which have strong intrinsic value. For comparison purposes the composite is measured against the Russell Microcap® Index. The U.S. Dollar is the currency used to express performance.

1. Although the statements of fact and data in this report have been obtained from, and are based upon, sources that the Firm believes to be reliable, we do not guarantee their accuracy, and any such information may be incomplete or condensed. All opinions included in this report constitute the Firm's judgment as of the date of this report and are subject to change without notice. This report is for informational purposes only and is not intended as an offer or solicitation with respect to the purchase or sale of any security. A complete list of all securities recommended by KCM in the preceding year, a full compliant GIPS Composite Report, and the list of composite descriptions are available upon request from KCM at 10829 Olive Blvd., Suite 100, St. Louis, MO, 63141.

2. Source: Credit Suisse HOLT Lens™ and FactSet Research Systems, Inc. Characteristics are provided as supplemental information. The portfolio characteristics described herein are derived from the composite and are representative of accounts without constraints. To the extent that a KCM client imposes reasonable restrictions (which clients are allowed to do), the portfolio characteristics of that client's account may vary.

Correct but extreme earnings valuations that are determined by Factset's interquartile outlier methodology have been excluded. In our opinion, failure to adjust for these outliers results in inflated price to earnings ratios. The interquartile range is calculated by subtracting the P/E of the company at the 75th percentile from the P/E of the company at the 25th percentile. This number is then multiplied by 3. The resulting value is added to the 75th percentile P/E and subtracted from the 25th percentile P/E to determine the highest and lowest P/E's to be included in the weighted average statistic. If a company's P/E falls outside the range, that P/E is considered "extreme". The weighted average is then calculated including only the P/E's of the companies within the interquartile range. Past performance is not indicative of future results and there are no guarantees that price/earnings (P/E) ratio forecasts will be accurate. Asset Growth FYI is the difference between the current value of an asset and its purchase price, the value at the time the asset was acquired. Cash Flow Return On Investments is the ratio of gross cash flow to gross investments, translated into an internal rate of return. The CFROI change (FY0-FY1) is the difference between the current year's CFROI and the last year's CFROI. Source: CFROI® is a registered trademark in the United States and other countries (excluding the United Kingdom) of Credit Suisse First Boston or its subsidiaries or affiliates. Dividend yield is a financial ratio that indicates how much a company pays out in dividends each year relative to its share price. The earnings before interest depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) to interest ratio for the Last Twelve Months (LTM) is the ratio between LTM EBITDA and the company's interest expenses. The long-term debt to total capitalization ratio is a ratio showing the financial leverage of a firm, calculated by dividing long-term debt by the amount of capital available. The net debt to EBITDA ratio is a measurement of leverage, calculated as a company's interest-bearing liabilities minus cash or cash equivalents, divided by its EBITDA. Present Value of Future Investments is the present value of the net cash receipts generated by future investments represented as a percentage of the total economic value. The price-to-book ratio is calculated by dividing the current closing price of the stock by the latest

quarter's book value per share. The price-to-sales ratio is a valuation ratio that compares a company's stock price to its revenues. Return on assets is a financial ratio that shows the percentage of profit a company earns in relation to its overall resources. Return on equity is the amount of net income returned as a percentage of shareholders equity. Sales Growth-5 Year is the amount by which the average sales volume of a company's products or services has grown over 5 years. The weighted average market capitalization is a stock market index constructed on the market capitalization of individual stocks. The weighted median market capitalization is the midpoint of market capitalization (market price multiplied by the number of shares outstanding) of the stocks in a portfolio.

3. Russell Investment Group is the source and owner of the Russell Index data contained or reflected in this material and all trademarks and copyrights related thereto. The presentation may contain confidential information and unauthorized use, disclosure, copying, dissemination or redistribution is strictly prohibited. This is a presentation of KCM. Russell Investment Group is not responsible for the formatting or configuration of this material or for any inaccuracy in KCM's presentation thereof.

The Russell Microcap® Index measures the performance of the microcap segment of the U.S. equity universe. It makes up less than 3% of the U.S. equity market. It includes 1000 of the smallest securities in the small-cap Russell 2000® Index based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership and it includes the next 1,000 securities. Russell Microcap® Index is constructed to provide a comprehensive and unbiased barometer for the microcap segment trading on national exchanges, while excluding lesser-regulated OTC bulletin board securities and pink-sheet stocks due to their failure to meet national exchange listing requirements. The Russell Microcap® Index is completely reconstituted annually to ensure larger stocks do not distort performance and characteristics of the true microcap opportunity set. The Russell Microcap® is used as the benchmark. The Index is unmanaged and represents total returns including reinvestment of dividends. The benchmark is used for comparative purposes only and generally reflects the comparable risk or investment style of the Firm's strategy. The investment portfolios underlying the Index are different from the investments in the portfolios managed by the Firm. Certain accounts may also use other benchmarks not listed in the GIPS composite report. The Verification and Performance Examination Report does not cover the benchmark returns included in the GIPS composite report.

4. Top 10 Holdings and Portfolio Sector Weightings are subject to change at any time. Top 10 Holdings list is calculated by KCM and represents the largest security holdings in the portfolio. Sector Weightings are based on the Global Industry Classification Standard ("GICS") classification scheme. Both are measured as a percentage of the total portfolio in terms of asset value as of the date indicated on page 1. Individual client portfolios may be different based on variations in security purchase price and date, and individual client restrictions. Due to rounding, Sector Weighting's total percentages may not equal 100%. Any sector of less than 0.5% will not be included in the sector weighting chart. The GICS was developed by and is the exclusive property and a service mark of Morgan Stanley Capital International, Inc. ("MSCI") and Standard & Poor's, a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. ("S&P") and is licensed for the use by KCM. Neither MSCI, S&P, nor any other party involved in making or compiling the GICS or any GICS classifications makes any express or implied warranties or representations with respect to such standard or classification (or the results thereof), and all such parties hereby expressly disclaim all warranties of originality, accuracy, completeness, merchantability, and fitness for a particular purpose with respect to any of such standard or classification. Without limiting any of the foregoing, in no event shall MSCI, S&P, any of their affiliates or any third party involved in making or compiling the GICS or any GICS classifications have any liability for any direct, indirect, special, punitive, consequential or any other damages (including lost profits) even if notified of the possibility of such damages.

5. Portfolio allocations to various assets classes change over time and deviate from any stated or targeted percentages of a total portfolio as a result of market

conditions and reallocation decisions. Therefore, nothing herein reflects a static portfolio allocation that will remain the same or match stated target allocations of asset classes.

6. Composite specific data provided within this presentation has been calculated from accounts that are discretionary as defined in this paragraph. The assets shown are derived only from discretionary accounts. Non-discretionary accounts, as defined by KCM, are accounts that are not included in the composite due to one or any combination of the following criteria: there were significant cash inflows or outflows within the account; the account's asset level did not meet the minimum requirement to remain in the composite; the account assets are managed by others using our non-discretionary model. The temporary removal of such an account occurs at the beginning of the month and the account re-enters the composite the month after the criteria has been met.

7. The information provided should not be considered a recommendation to purchase or sell any particular security. Allocations among industries, sectors and securities may vary and are subject to change without notice. It should not be assumed that any of the securities transactions or holdings discussed were or will be profitable, or that the investment recommendations or decisions we make in the future will be profitable or will equal the investment performance of the securities discussed herein.

8. Performance returns presented Gross of Fees do not reflect the deduction of investment advisory fees and include the reinvestment of all income. A client's return will be reduced by the advisory fees and other expenses incurred by the account as described in Form ADV Part 2A. For example, an annual advisory fee of 1% compounded quarterly over 10 years will reduce a gross 14.44% annual return to a net 13.24% annual return. Form ADV Part 2A is available upon request. The GIPS® are a set of standardized, industry-wide ethical principles that provide investment firms with guidance on calculating and reporting their investment results to prospective clients to ensure fair representation and full disclosure of an investment firm's performance history.

The performance figures reported herein are unaudited, may be based upon information obtained via electronic data sources ("feeds") and may be subject to change. Data feeds from many of KCM clients' selected custodians are obtained through third party, and are used to compare custodial data to KCM's client account records as frequently as daily. Monthly, KCM reviews clients' account holdings along with cash and share quantities against the custodial statements. In some instances, variances may exist between final audited custodial information and the information KCM obtains via such data feeds. All variances are typically reconciled to the applicable account no later than each month-end. Past performance is not indicative of future results.

Excess return gross of fees is calculated by deducting the index returns from the composite gross of fees returns.

9. **Standard deviation** is a gauge of risk which measures the spread of the difference of returns from their average. **Tracking error** is a measure of how closely a manager's returns track the returns of a benchmark. The tracking error is the annualized standard deviation of the differences between the manager's and the benchmark's returns. The **up market capture** ratio is a measure of managers' performance in up markets relative to the market itself. The **down market capture** ratio is measure of managers' performance in down markets relative to the market itself. **Alpha** measures nonsystematic return, or the return that cannot be attributed to the market. **Beta** measures the risk level of the manager.

2022040113{PERF}-fs